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- NEWS 23 AUG 15 CAOLD to be discontinued on December 31, 2008
- NEWS 24 AUG 15 CAplus currency for Korean patents enhanced
- NEWS 25 AUG 25 CA/CAplus, CASREACT, and IFI and USPAT databases enhanced for more flexible patent number searching
- NEWS 26 AUG 27 CAS definition of basic patents expanded to ensure comprehensive access to substance and sequence information

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=> d L1 bib abs 1

L1 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

AN 2007:64273 CAPLUS

DN 146:227234

TI The human IgM antibody SAM-6 induces tumor-specific apoptosis with oxidized low-density lipoprotein

AU Braendlein, Stephanie; Rauschert, Nicole; Rasche, Leo; Dreykluft, Angela; Hensel, Frank; Conzelmann, Ernst; Mueller-Hermelink, Hans-Konrad; Vollmers, H. Peter

CS Institute of Pathology, Department of Physiological Chemistry II, University of Wuerzburg, Wuerzburg, Germany

SO Molecular Cancer Therapeutics (2007), 6(1), 326-333

CODEN: MCTOCF; ISSN: 1535-7163

PB American Association for Cancer Research

DT Journal

LA English

AB Lipids are essential for normal and malignant cells during growth and differentiation. The turnover is strictly regulated because an uncontrolled uptake and accumulation is cytotoxic and can lead to lipoapoptosis: lipoptosis. The human monoclonal antibody SAM-6 binds to a cell surface receptor on malignant cells and to oxidized low-d. lipoprotein (LDL). SAM-6 induces an excess of intracellular lipids, by overfeeding malignant cells with oxidized LDL, via a receptor-mediated endocytosis. The treated cells overaccumulate depots of cholesteryl esters and triglycerides. This lipid overaccumulation is tumor specific; nonmalignant cells neither bind the antibody nor harvest lipids after incubation. Because for both forms of apoptosis, the death domain dependent ("extrinsic") and independent ("intrinsic"), the activation of proteases is crucial, the authors also investigated this pathway in more detail. It was found that shortly after internalization of antibody/oxidized LDL/receptor complex and formation of lipid depots, cytochrome c is released by mitochondria. Followed by this, initiator caspase-8 and caspase-9 and effector caspase-3 and caspase-6 are activated. The mechanism of mitochondrial trigger (e.g., by free fatty acids) is under investigation. However, the present data indicate that the SAM-6 antibody induces an intrinsic-like

form of apoptosis by overfeeding malignant cells with lipoproteins.

RE.CNT 53 THERE ARE 53 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> s GRP78 or (glucose regulated protein 78) 2308 GRP78 **457397 GLUCOSE** 897 GLUCOSES 457604 GLUCOSE (GLUCOSE OR GLUCOSES) 241356 REGULATED 2204934 PROTEIN **1552928 PROTEINS** 2574257 PROTEIN (PROTEIN OR PROTEINS) 217805 78 1928 GLUCOSE REGULATED PROTEIN 78 (GLUCOSE(W)REGULATED(W)PROTEIN(W)78) L2 2343 GRP78 OR (GLUCOSE REGULATED PROTEIN 78)

=> s L2 and antibody

335410 ANTIBODY 403153 ANTIBODIES

533432 ANTIBODY (ANTIBODY OR ANTIBODIES)

L3 313 L2 AND ANTIBODY

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=> s L3 and (cancer or tumor or tumour or carcinoma or neoplasm or neoplasia or malignancy)
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374278 CANCER

55038 CANCERS

388073 CANCER

(CANCER OR CANCERS)

466303 TUMOR

173294 TUMORS

519563 TUMOR

(TUMOR OR TUMORS)

3901 TUMOUR

1463 TUMOURS

5271 TUMOUR

(TUMOUR OR TUMOURS)

188501 CARCINOMA

35462 CARCINOMAS

173 CARCINOMATA

196946 CARCINOMA

(CARCINOMA OR CARCINOMAS OR CARCINOMATA)

511574 NEOPLASM

37380 NEOPLASMS

528590 NEOPLASM

(NEOPLASM OR NEOPLASMS)

15999 NEOPLASIA

1598 NEOPLASIAS

17202 NEOPLASIA

(NEOPLASIA OR NEOPLASIAS)

18740 MALIGNANCY

19259 MALIGNANCIES

35067 MALIGNANCY

(MALIGNANCY OR MALIGNANCIES)

L4 105 L3 AND (CANCER OR TUMOR OR TUMOUR OR CARCINOMA OR NEOPLASM OR

NEOPLASIA OR MALIGNANCY)

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PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L4

L5 103 DUPLICATE REMOVE L4 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> s L5 and (carbohydrate or glycosylation)

L6 103 S L5

139350 CARBOHYDRATE

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234943 CARBOHYDRATE
        (CARBOHYDRATE OR CARBOHYDRATES)
    40428 GLYCOSYLATION
     645 GLYCOSYLATIONS
    40582 GLYCOSYLATION
        (GLYCOSYLATION OR GLYCOSYLATIONS)
L7
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PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L7
L8
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=> d L8 bib abs 1-12
L8 ANSWER 1 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
AN 2008:352635 CAPLUS
DN 148:329337
TI Improved immunoassay methods
IN Robertson, John Forsyth Russell; Murray, Andrea; Chapman, Caroline;
  Barnes, Tony
PA Oncimmune Ltd, UK
SO PCT Int. Appl., 90pp.
  CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 2
                   KIND DATE
                                   APPLICATION NO.
  PATENT NO.
                                                        DATE
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PI WO 2008032084
                     A1 20080320 WO 2007-GB3486
                                                       20070912
    W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA,
      CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI,
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      MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL,
      PT. RO. RS. RU. SC. SD. SE. SG. SK. SL. SM. SV. SY. TJ. TM. TN.
      TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW
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      BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW,
      GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ,
      BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
  GB 2441824
                  A
                      20080319 GB 2006-18055
                                                  20060913
  US 20080213921
                    A1 20080904 US 2007-854050
                                                     20070912
PRAI GB 2006-18055
                      Α
                          20060913
  US 2006-844158P
                    P 20060913
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161858 CARBOHYDRATES

AB The invention generally relates to the field of diagnostic or prognostic assays and in particular relates to assays for the detection of antibodies in a sample comprising patient bodily fluid, wherein such antibodies are used as biol. markers of a disease state or disease susceptibility. The assay is based on cross-titrn. of both the patient bodily fluid to be tested for the antibody and an antigen used to detect the antibody by specific binding. The antibodies can be autoantibodies and the disease state can be cancer or autoimmune disease.

RE.CNT 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 2 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

AN 2008:1013548 CAPLUS

TI The glycoprotein target of the monoclonal antibody SAM-6 of tumor cells and its use in cancer therapy

IN Vollmers, Heinz Peter

PA Patrys Limited, Australia

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 62pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI US 20080199475 A1 20080821 US 2007-945916 20071127 PRAI US 2006-867285P P 20061127

AB The target of the SAM-6 monoclonal antibody that induces apoptosis by promoting lipid accumulation is identified and characterized. The protein may be a target for antitumor agents and as a marker in cancer diagnosis. One treatment method includes inhibiting growth or proliferation of hyperproliferative cells or inducing regression of hyperproliferative cells, such as cells of a cellular hyperproliferative disorder, or lowering levels of LDL or oxidized LDL. The protein has sequence similarities to GRP78 but is functionally distinct from it.

L8 ANSWER 3 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

AN 2008:337826 CAPLUS

DN 148:329333

TI Titration immunoassay for detection of antibodies to tumor markers

IN Robertson, John Forsyth Russell; Murray, Andrea; Chapman, Caroline

PA Oncimmune Ltd., UK

SO Brit. UK Pat. Appl., 61pp.

CODEN: BAXXDU

DT Patent LA English

FAN.CNT 2

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI GB 2441824 A 20080319 GB 2006-18055 20060913 WO 2008032084 A1 20080320 WO 2007-GB3486 20070912

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

PRAI GB 2006-18055 A 20060913 US 2006-844158P P 20060913

AB The authors disclose a method for detecting a disease state or susceptibility comprising prepg. two or more dilns. of a test sample and for each diln. contacting the test sample with a titrn. of an antigen specific for the test antibody. In one example, the authors demonstrate the use of cross-titrn. for the detection of serum autoantibodies against p53 and c-Myc in human breast cancer.

RE.CNT 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 4 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

AN 2008:362700 CAPLUS

- TI A new tumor-specific variant of GRP78 as target for antibody-based therapy
- AU Rauschert, Nicole; Braendlein, Stephanie; Holzinger, Elisabeth; Hensel, Frank; Mueller-Hermelink, Hans-Konrad; Vollmers, H. Peter
- CS Institute of Pathology, University of Wuerzburg, Wuerzburg, D-97080, Germany
- SO Laboratory Investigation (2008), 88(4), 375-386 CODEN: LAINAW; ISSN: 0023-6837
- PB Nature Publishing Group
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB The chaperone GRP78 is a member of the heat-shock protein 70

(HSP70) family and is responsible for cellular homeostasis by preventing stress-induced apoptosis. GRP78 is expressed in all cells of the body. In malignant cells, which are permanently exposed to environmental stress, GRP78 is overexpressed and increased levels can be found in the cytoplasm and on the cell membrane. Thus, GRP78 promotes tumor proliferation, survival, metastases and resistance to a wide variety of therapies. Like other tumor -specific membrane mols., GRP78 can also be present on cancer cells in a variant form. This modification qualifies it as a target for immune surveillance and antibody responses. The fully human monoclonal IgM antibody, SAM-6, was isolated from a gastric cancer patient and it binds to a new variant of GRP78 with a mol. wt. of 82 kDa. The epitope is an O-linked carbohydrate moiety and is specific for malignant cells. These data show that cancer-specific modifications of cell-surface protection mols. are (a) subject of an immune response and (b) ideal targets for new therapeutical approaches. Lab. Investigation (2008) 88, 375-386; doi:10.1038/labinvest.2008.2; published online 11 Feb. 2008.

L8 ANSWER 5 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

AN 2006:1253103 CAPLUS

DN 146:26329

TI Improved immunoassay methods

IN Robertson, John Forsyth Russell; Barnes, Tony; Murray, Andrea; Chapman, Caroline

PA ONC-Immune Ltd., UK

SO PCT Int. Appl., 68pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

WO 2006126008

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

A3 20070329

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,

KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

GB 2426581 A 20061129 GB 2005-10943 20050527 AU 2006250923 A1 20061130 AU 2006-250923 20060526 CA 2609793 A1 20061130 CA 2006-2609793 20060526 EP 1889059 A2 20080220 EP 2006-744011 20060526

R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, AL, BA, HR, MK, YU

MX 200714815 20080411 MX 2007-14815 20071126 CN 101203756 Α 20080618 CN 2006-80018335 20071126 IN 2007MN02101 Α 20080111 IN 2007-MN2101 20071211 NO 2007006656 20080226 NO 2007-6656 20071227 A 20080422 KR 2007-730551 20071227 KR 2008034851

PRAI GB 2005-10943 A 20050527 US 2005-685422P P 20050527 WO 2006-GB1944 W 20060526

AB The invention relates to a method of detecting a disease state or disease susceptibility in a mammalian subject which comprises detecting an antibody in a test sample comprising a bodily fluid from said mammalian subject wherein said antibody is a biol. marker of a disease state or disease susceptibility, the method comprising: (a) contacting said test sample with a plurality of different amts. of an antigen specific for said antibody, (b) detecting the amt. of specific binding between said antibody and said antigen, (c) plotting or calcg. a curve of the amt. of said specific binding vs. the amt. of antigen for each amt. of antigen used in step (a) and (d) detg. the presence or absence of said disease state or disease susceptibility based upon the amt. of specific binding between said antibody and said antigen at each different antigen concn. used. The disease most detected is cancer.

L8 ANSWER 6 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

AN 2006:1242445 CAPLUS

DN 146:6312

TI Antigen titration immunoassay for detection of autoantibodies

IN Robertson, John Forsyth Russell; Barnes, Tony; Murray, Andrea; Chapman, Caroline

PA ONC-Immune Limited, UK

SO Brit. UK Pat. Appl., 56pp.

CODEN: BAXXDU

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

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AU 2006250923 A1 20061130 AU 2006-250923 20060526 CA 2609793 A1 20061130 CA 2006-2609793 20060526 WO 2006126008 A2 20061130 WO 2006-GB1944 20060526 WO 2006126008 A3 20070329
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EP 1889059 A2 20080220 EP 2006-744011 20060526 R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, AL, BA, HR, MK, YU

MX 200714815 20080411 MX 2007-14815 20071126 Α CN 101203756 20080618 CN 2006-80018335 20071126 Α NO 2007006656 20080226 NO 2007-6656 20071227 Α KR 2008034851 20080422 KR 2007-730551 20071227 Α

PRAI GB 2005-10943 A 20050527 US 2005-685422P P 20050527 WO 2006-GB1944 W 20060526

AB The authors disclose a method of detecting an antibody in a bodily fluid wherein the antibody is a biol. marker of a disease state or disease susceptibility. The method comprises: (a) contacting the test sample with a plurality of different amts. of an antigen specific for the antibody, (b) detecting the amt. of specific binding between the antibody and the antigen, and (c) plotting or calcg. a curve of the amt. of the specific binding vs. the amt. of antigen for each amt. of antigen used in step (a). In one example, using tumor antigen titrn., the authors detected autoantibodies against p53, c-Myc, NY-ESO-1, and BRCA2 in women with in situ ductal carcinoma of the breast.

RE.CNT 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 7 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN AN 2005:523662 CAPLUS DN 143:76242

TI Genes regulated by carbon source in the colon and their use in the early

diagnosis of colon cancer

IN Corfe, Bernard; Chirakkal, Hari

PA University of Sheffield, UK

SO PCT Int. Appl., 266 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI WO 2005054507 A2 20050616 WO 2004-GB5078 20041203 WO 2005054507 A3 20050825

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

CA 2587863 A1 20050616 CA 2004-2587863 20041203 EP 1692311 A2 20060823 EP 2004-805907 20041203

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, IS

CN 1890385 20070103 CN 2004-80035855 20041203 Α JP 2007518398 20070712 JP 2006-542011 20041203 Т IN 2006KN01810 20070511 IN 2006-KN1810 Α 20060628 20070315 US 2006-581702 US 20070059708 A120061103

PRAI GB 2003-28048 A 20031204 WO 2004-GB5078 W 20041203

AB Genes regulated in the colon in response to changes in carbon source are identified for use in the diagnosis of colon cancer. The gene products may also be useful as drug targets (no data). Many of the genes induced in cells of the colon by butyrate as a carbon source are assocd. with the initiation or promotion of a neoplastic transformation. A set of 203 genes induced by butyrate in the colorectal adenocarcinoma cell line HT-29 is are identified.

L8 ANSWER 8 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

AN 2005:248644 CAPLUS

DN 142:274057

TI Sequences of human schizophrenia related genes and use for diagnosis, prognosis and therapy

IN Liew, Choong-chin

PA Chondrogene Limited, Can.

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 156 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 802,875. CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent LA English FAN.CNT 47

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE | | |
|---------------------------------|------------|----------|-----------------|----------|--|--|
| PI US 20040241727 | A1 | 20041202 | US 2004-812731 | 20040330 | | |
| US 20040014059 | A 1 | 20040122 | US 2002-268730 | 20021009 | | |
| US 20050191637 | A 1 | 20050901 | US 2004-803737 | 20040318 | | |
| US 20050196762 | A 1 | 20050908 | US 2004-803759 | 20040318 | | |
| US 20050196763 | A 1 | 20050908 | US 2004-803857 | 20040318 | | |
| US 20050196764 | A 1 | 20050908 | US 2004-803858 | 20040318 | | |
| US 20050208505 | A 1 | 20050922 | US 2004-803648 | 20040318 | | |
| US 20040241727 | A 1 | 20041202 | US 2004-812731 | 20040330 | | |
| PRAI US 1999-115125P P 19990106 | | | | | | |
| US 2000-477148 | B1 | 20000104 | | | | |
| US 2002-268730 | A2 | 20021009 | | | | |
| US 2003-601518 | A2 | 20030620 | | | | |
| US 2004-802875 | A2 | 20040312 | | | | |
| US 2004-812731 | A : | 20040330 | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

AB The present invention is directed to detection and measurement of gene transcripts and their equiv. nucleic acid products in blood. Specifically provided is anal. performed on a drop of blood for detecting, diagnosing and monitoring diseases using gene-specific and/or tissue-specific primers. The present invention also describes methods by which delineation of the sequence and/or quantitation of the expression levels of disease-specific genes allows for an immediate and accurate diagnostic/prognostic test for disease or to assess the effect of a particular treatment regimen. [This abstr. record is one of 3 records for this document necessitated by the large no. of index entries required to fully index the document and publication system constraints.].

L8 ANSWER 9 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

AN 2003:780113 CAPLUS

DN 140:104669

- TI Mislocalization of membrane proteins associated with multidrug resistance in cisplatin-resistant cancer cell lines
- AU Liang, Xing-Jie; Shen, Ding-Wu; Garfield, Susan; Gottesman, Michael M.
- CS National Cancer Institute, Laboratory of Cell Biology, National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, MD, 20892-4254, USA
- SO Cancer Research (2003), 63(18), 5909-5916

CODEN: CNREA8; ISSN: 0008-5472

PB American Association for Cancer Research

DT Journal

LA English

AB The accumulation of [14C]carboplatin and [3H]methotrexate is reduced in single-step KB epidermoid adenocarcinoma (KB-CP) cells, which are cross-resistant to carboplatin, methotrexate, and sodium arsenite. In these KB-CP cells, multidrug resistance is accompanied by mislocalization of multidrug resistance assocd. protein (MRP) 1 and other membrane proteins such as folate-binding protein. MRP1 was not decreased in amt. in single-step variants but accumulates in a cytoplasmic fraction, and its apparent mol. wt. was altered probably because of reduced glycosylation in resistant cells. This low-d. compartment was partially labeled with antibodies to lectin-GSII (a Golgi marker) and Bip/GRP78 (an endoplasmic reticulum marker). Pulse-chase labeling of MRP1 with 35S-methionine and 35S-cysteine and pulse-chase biotinylation of cell surface MRP1 suggests that membrane protein mislocalization is caused mainly by a defect of plasma membrane protein recycling, manifested also as a defect in acidification of lysosomes. The reduced accumulation of cytotoxic compds. in the KB-CP cells is presumed to result from the failure of carrier proteins and/or transporters to localize to the plasma membrane.

RE.CNT 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 10 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

AN 2003:106680 CAPLUS

DN 138:363141

TI Interaction of Hsp90 with the nascent form of the mutant epidermal growth factor receptor EGFRvIII

AU Lavictoire, Sylvie J.; Parolin, Doris A. E.; Klimowicz, Alex C.; Kelly, John F.; Lorimer, Ian A. J.

CS Ottawa Regional Cancer Centre, Centre for Cancer Therapeutics, Ottawa, ON, K1H 1C4, Can.

SO Journal of Biological Chemistry (2003), 278(7), 5292-5299 CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

PB American Society for Biochemistry and Molecular Biology

DT Journal

LA English

AB EGFRvIII is a mutant epidermal growth factor that promotes aggressive growth of glioblastomas. We made a plasmid that directed the expression of an EGFRvIII with three copies of the Flag epitope at its amino terminus. Flag-tagged EGFRvIII was expressed at the same levels as unmodified EGFRvIII, and showed the same subcellular localization. However, the Flag epitope could only be detected on EGFRvIII present in the endoplasmic reticulum; the epitope was covalently modified during trafficking of the receptor through the Golgi so that it was no longer

recognized by anti-Flag antibody. This property was exploited to selectively purify nascent EGFRvIII from glioblastoma cells. Nascent EGFRvIII was found to copurify with a set of other proteins, identified by mass spectrometry as the two endoplasmic reticulum chaperones Grp94 and BiP, and the two cytosolic chaperones Hsc70 and Hsp90. The Hsp90-assocd. chaperone Cdc37 also co-purified with EGFRvIII, suggesting that Hsp90 binds EGFRvIII as a complex with this protein. Geldanamycin and radicicol, two chem. unrelated inhibitors of Hsp90, decreased the expression of EGFRvIII in glioblastoma cells. These studies show that nascent EGFRvIII in the endoplasmic reticulum assocs. with Hsp90 and Cdc37, and that the Hsp90 assocn. is necessary to maintain expression of EGFRvIII.

RE.CNT 54 THERE ARE 54 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 11 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

AN 2002:408808 CAPLUS

DN 137:697

TI Glycosyltransferase sequences and adenoviral vector comprising tumor-specific promoter and glycosyltransferase for cancer therapy

IN Schiff, Michael J.

PA Geron Corporation, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 49 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI WO 2002042468 A2 20020530 WO 2001-US44306 20011126 WO 2002042468 A3 20021121

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AB This disclosure provides a system for specifically killing cancer cells which can be used in the course of human therapy. Vectors of the invention comprises an encoding sequence for a glycosyltransferase, under control of a tumor or tissue specific transcriptional control element, such as the promoter for telomerase reverse transcriptase. Exemplary glycosyltransferases are the A or B transferase enzymes, which cause the cancer cells to express ABO histo blood group allotypes or a cell-surface carbohydrate determinant against which humans have naturally antibody. This provides for ongoing surveillance for newly emerging cells with a malignant phenotype. The invention provides sequences of human Blood-group B glycosyltransferase and Blood-group A glycosyltransferase, and marmoset and synthetic .alpha.-1,3-Galactosyltransferase.

L8 ANSWER 12 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

AN 2002:185276 CAPLUS

DN 136:242898

TI Screening of peptide libraries to identify highly specific ligands and cognate receptors for cell or tissue-specific targeting

IN Arap, Wadih; Pasqualini, Renata

PA Board of Regents, the University of Texas System, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 298 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 6

| | PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
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AB Methods of identify cell or tissue-specific peptide ligands and their cognate receptors for use in targeted drug delivery or gene therapy. A large no. of targeting peptides directed towards human organs, tissues or cell types are disclosed. The peptides are of use for targeted delivery of therapeutic agents, including but not limited to gene therapy vectors. A novel class of gene therapy vectors is disclosed. Certain of the disclosed peptides have therapeutic use for inhibiting angiogenesis, inhibiting tumor growth, inducing apoptosis, inhibiting pregnancy or inducing wt. loss. Methods of identifying novel targeting peptides in humans, as well as identifying endogenous receptor-ligand pairs are disclosed. Methods of identifying novel infectious agents that are causal for human disease states are also disclosed. A novel mechanism for inducing apoptosis is further disclosed. Screening of a phage display library by direct incubation with bone marrow to identify bone marrow-specific ligand peptides is demonstrated. The use of circulating antibodies from prostate cancer patients to identify the antigens. One of the antigens, identified as GRP78, was a strong indicator of survival time and could be used as a prognostic marker. Successful targeting of adeno-assocd. virus-based vectors to vascular endothelium is demonstrated.